Si5364-EVB

## Evaluation Board for Si5364 SONET/SDH Precision Port Card Clock IC

## Description

The Si5364-EVB is the evaluation board for the Si5364 SONET/SDH Precision Port Card Clock IC. This evaluation board provides access to all signals associated with normal operation of the device. This circuit board also is designed to provide access to signals that are reserved for factory testing purposes.

## Features

- Si5364 device can be powered directly from either a 3.3 or 2.5 V supply
- Differential I/Os ac-coupled on board
- Differential inputs terminated on board
- Control input signals are switch/jumper configurable
- Status outputs brought out to headers for access
- LED status indicators reflect state of status outputs
- LED status indicators can be disabled for device power measurements


## Function Block Diagram



## Functional Description

The Si5364-EVB is the evaluation board for the Si5364 SONET/SDH Precision Port Card Clock IC. This evaluation board provides access to all signals associated with normal operation of the device. This circuit board also is designed to provide access to signals that are reserved for factory testing purposes.

## Power Supply Selection and Connections

The Si5364-EVB board is switch selectable for operation using either a single 3.3 V or a single 2.5 V supply.
For operation using a 3.3 V supply, configure the board as follows:

1. Remove power supply connections from the VDD and GND terminals of the board's power connector, J15.
2. Remove the connection between VDD33 and VDD25 by removing the jumper on header JPI.
3. Set VSEL33 high by sliding the switch on the VSEL33 (JP3) to the side marked "1".
4. Connect the power supply ground lead and 3.3 V supply lead to the GND and VDD terminals of the board's power connector, J15.
For operation using a 2.5 V supply, configure the board as follows:
5. Remove power supply connections from the VDD and GND terminals of the board's power connector, J15.
6. Set VSEL33 low by sliding the switch on the VSEL33 (JP3) to the side marked " 0 ".
7. Connect VDD33 and VDD25 by installing a jumper between one of the 3.3 V pins and one of the 2.5 V pins on header JPI.
8. Connect the power supply ground lead and 2.5 V supply lead to the GND and VDD terminals of the board's power connector, J15.

## Power Consumption

Typical supply current draw for the Si5364-EVB with LED indicators disabled and one clock output enabled is 120 mA . Each additional clock output that is enabled adds approximately 15 mA . LED indicators, when enabled, adds approximately 8 mA for each indicator that is illuminated.

## Si5364 Control Inputs

Most of the control inputs to the Si5364 are routed to the center post of a SPDT switch located at JP1. The switches are wired with the signal on the center pin, VDD33 on one side pin, and GND on the other side pin. Each input is easily configurable to a high or a low state.
There are three inputs to the Si5364 that are not routed to switches at JP1. Two of these signals are INCDELAY and

DECDELAY. They are routed to push button switches SW1 and SW2, respectively, through headers JP4 and JP5. Inverters U6 and U7 condition the action of these switches before being sent to the Si5364 device. Pressing and releasing these switches provides a single pulse to the control input for the Si5364. This is a convenient method for evaluating the operation of the INCDELAY and DECDELAY functions. Resistors R26 and R27 allow the user to disconnect the switches from the device and drive the inputs from another source. JP4 and JP5 are not populated when shipped from the factory. If an external source is required to drive the INCDELAY and DECDELAY inputs, then populate these two headers. This provides the user a convenient location to connect the source.
Each LVTTL input on the Si5364 device has an internal pull-down mechanism. The control inputs default to a low state if no device drives the input.

## RSTN/CAL Settings for Normal Operation and Self-Calibration

The RSTN/CAL signal is an LVTTL input to the Si5364 and has an on-chip pull down mechanism. This pin must be set high to enable normal operation of the Si5364 device.
Setting RSTN/CAL low forces the Si5364 into a reset state. A low-to-high transition of RSTN/CAL enables the part and initiates a self-calibration sequence.
The Si5364 device automatically initiates a selfcalibration at power-up if the RSTN/CAL signal is held high. A self-calibration of the device also can be manually initiated by pushing the RSTN/CAL switch, SW3, then releasing. Self-calibration must be initiated manually after changing the state of either the BWSEL[1:0] control inputs or the FEC[1:0] inputs.
Whether manually initiated or automatically initiated at power-up, the self-calibration process requires the presence of a valid input clock. If the self-calibration is initiated without a valid clock present, the device waits for a valid clock before completing the self-calibration. The Si5364 clock outputs drift to the lower end of the operating frequency range as the device waits for a valid clock. After the input clock is validated, the calibration process runs to completion, the device locks to the input, and the clock outputs shifts to their target frequencies. Subsequent losses of the input clock do not require recalibration. If the clock input is lost after self-calibration, the device enters Digital Hold mode. When the input clock returns, the device re-locks to the input clock without performing a self-calibration.

## Status Signals

The status outputs from the Si5364 device are each routed to one pin of a two-row header, JP11. The header is wired so that the signals are present on one side of the header and a ground reference is present on the other. The letter $S$ marks the row of signal pins and the row of ground pins is marked with the letter G .
On the Si5364-EVB board, the status outputs are also routed to two buffer/driver ICs (U4 and U5) that drive one LED indicator for each status signal.

## Enabling and Disabling the Status Indicator LEDs

The status LED driver outputs can be disabled. The disabled driver outputs are placed into a high impedance state to get a more accurate measurement of the current/ power being consumed by the Si5364 device. The LED drivers are enabled when the switch at JP9 is switched to ON. The driver outputs are disabled when the switch is set to OFF.

## Factory Test Headers

Locations for headers JP8 and JP10 are included on the SI5364-EVB for factory testing. For customer evaluation, these locations are not populated.

## Differential Clock Input Signals

The differential clock inputs to the Si5364-EVB are terminated on the board at a location near the input SMA connectors. The input SMA connectors are ac coupled to the termination circuit. The termination circuit consists of two $50 \Omega$ resistors and a $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor, connected so that the positive and negative inputs of the differential pair each see a $50 \Omega$ termination to "ac ground", and the line-to-line termination impedance is $100 \Omega$. The signals are then routed to the Si5364 device.
Single-ended operation is accomplished by supplying a signal to one of the differential inputs, typically the positive input. The other input should be shorted to ground with an SMA shorting plug.

## Differential Clock Output Signals

The differential clock outputs from the Si5364 device are routed to the perimeter of the circuit board using $50 \Omega$ transmission structures. The capacitors that provide accoupling are located near the clock output SMA connectors.

## Internal Regulator Compensation

The Si5364-EVB contains pad locations for a resistor and a capacitor between the VDD25 node and ground. The resistor pads are populated with a $0 \Omega$ resistor. The capacitor pads are populated with a low ESR $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$
tantalum capacitor. This is the suggested compensation circuit for Si5364 devices.
There are two considerations for selecting this combination of compensation resistor and capacitor. First, is the stability of the regulator. The second is noise filtering.
The acceptable range for the time constant at this node is $15 \mu \mathrm{~s}$ to $50 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. The capacitor used on the board is a $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor with an ESR of $.8 \Omega$. This yields a time constant of $26.4 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. The designer could decide to use a $330 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor with an ESR of $.15 \Omega$. This yields a time constant of $49.5 \mu \mathrm{~s}$. Each of these cases provide a compensation circuit that makes the output of the regulator stable.
The second issue is noise filtering. For this, more capacitance is usually better. For the two cases described above, the $330 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ case provides greater noise filtering. However, the large case size of the $330 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ capacitor might make it impractical for many applications. The Si5364 device is specified with the $33 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ cap.

## Default Jumper Settings

The default jumper settings for the Si5364-EVB board are given in Table 1 on page 4. These settings configure the board for operation from a 3.3 V supply.

Table 1. Si5364-EVB Assembly Rev B-01 Default Jumper/Switch Settings

| Location | Signal | State | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| JP3 | VSEL33 | 1 | Si5364 device Internal Regulator enabled |
| JP12 | VDD33 | Open | Si5364 device VDD33 pins not connected to 2.5 V supply plane |
| JP1 | VALTIME | 0 | 100 ms Validation Time |
|  | SMC/S3N | 1 | SONET Minimum Clock criteria selected |
|  | DSBLFOS | 0 | Frequency Offset alarms enabled |
|  | RVRT | 1 | Revertive clock switching mode selected |
|  | AUTOSEL | 1 | Automatic input Selection enabled |
|  | DSBLFSYNC | 0 | FSYNC output enabled |
|  | MANCNTRL[0] | 0 | CLKIN_A would be selected if AUTOSEL $=0$ |
|  | MANCNTRL[1] | 1 | CLKIN_A would be selected if AUTOSEL $=0$ |
|  | FEC[0] | 0 | FEC scaling factor $=1 / 1$ (no FEC scaling) |
|  | FEC[1] | 0 | FEC scaling factor $=1 / 1$ (no FEC scaling) |
|  | BWSEL[0] | 1 | Loop Bandwidth $=6400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | BWSEL[1] | 1 | Loop Bandwidth $=6400 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
|  | FRQSEL_1[0] | 1 | CLKOUT_1 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_1[1] | 1 | CLKOUT_1 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_2[0] | 1 | CLKOUT_2 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_2[1] | 1 | CLKOUT_2 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_3[0] | 1 | CLKOUT_3 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_3[1] | 1 | CLKOUT_3 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_4[0] | 1 | CLKOUT_4 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FRQSEL_4[1] | 1 | CLKOUT_4 = 622 MHz Range |
|  | FXD_DELAY | 0 | Fixed Delay mode disabled |
| JP9 | LED ENABLE_N | ON | LED Status Indicators enabled |
| JP2 | SYNCIN | No Jumper Installed | Header for SYNCIN input signal |
| JP15 | FSYNC | No Jumper Installed | Header for FSYNC output signal |


Figure 1. Si5364-EVB Typical Application Schematic (page 1 of 2)

Figure 2. Si5364-EVB Typical Application Schematic (page 2 of 2)

## Si5364-EVB

## Bill of Materials

| Reference | Description | Manufacturer | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C1-C7,C12-C14,C19-C21 | 0.1uf, 0603 | Venkel | C0603X7R160-104KNE |
| C27,C34-C41 |  |  |  |
| C8,C9,C15,C16,C22,C23 | Spare, 0402 |  |  |
| C26,C33 | 33uf, 3528 | Venkel | TA6R3TCR336KBR |
| C28 | 2200pf, 0603 | Venkel | C0603X7R160-222KNE |
| C29 | 22pf, 0603 | Venkel | C0603C0G500-220KNE |
| C30,C31,C32 | 330uf, 7343 | Venkel | TA6R3TCR337KER |
| D1,D2,D3,D4,D5,D10 | LED, SM, red, superbright | Panasonic | LN1271RAL |
| D6,D7,D8,D9 | LED, SM, green | Panasonic | LN1371G |
| JP1 | 21x3 HEADER |  |  |
| JP2,JP3,JP4,JP5,JP6,JP9 | 1x3 HEADER |  |  |
| JP8 | 7x3 HEADER |  |  |
| JP10 | 4x2 HEADER |  |  |
| JP11 | 10x2 Header |  |  |
| JP12,JP15 | HEADER 2X1 |  |  |
| J1,J2, J3, J4, J5, J6, J7, J8, | SMA, thruhole RA | Johnson Components | 142-0701-301 |
| J9, $110, \mathrm{~J} 11, \mathrm{~J} 12, \mathrm{~J} 13, \mathrm{~J} 14$ |  |  |  |
| J15 | power connector, 2 pin | Phoenix Contact | 140-A-111-02 1729018 |
| L1 | 600 ohm, 1206 | MURATA | BLM31A601S |
| R1 | 10k, 0603 | Venkel | CR0603-16W-1002FT |
| R2,R3 | 100k, 0402 | Venkel | CR0402-16W-1003FT |
| R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,R13 | 1k, 0603 | Venkel | CR0603-16W-1001FT |
| R9,R10,R11,R12 | 120, 0603 | Venkel | CR0603-16W-121JT |
| R14,R15,R20,R21,R22,R23 | 49.9, 0603 | Venkel | CR0603-16W-49R9FT |
| R16,R17,R18,R19,R24,R25, | 0,0402 | Venkel | CR0402-16W-000T |
| R26,R27,R29,R32 |  |  |  |
| R28 | 4.99k, 0603 | Venkel | CR0603-16W-4991FT |
| SW1,SW2,SW3 | 101-0161 | Mouser | 101-0161 |
| U1 | Si5364_revB |  |  |
| U4,U5 | 74LCX244 | Fairchild | 74LCX244MTC |
| U7,U6 | 74SZ14 | Fairchild | NC7SZ14M5X |



Figure 3. Si5364-EVB Top Silkscreen


Figure 4. Si5364-EVB—Layer 1, Component Side


Figure 5. Si5364-EVB—Layer 2, High Speed Signals


Figure 6. Si5364-EVB—Layer 3, GND


Figure 7. Si5364-EVB—Layer 4, VDD 2.5


Figure 8. Si5364-EVB—Layer 5, GND


Figure 9. Si5364-EVB—Layer 6, VDD 3.3


Figure 10. Si5364-EVB—Layer 7, GND


Figure 11. Si5364-EVB—Layer 8, Bottom


Figure 12. Si5364-EVB Bottom Silkscreen

## Document Revision Change List

Revision 0.28 to Revision 0.33
Updated to reflect Rev. D printed circuit boards.

## Evaluation Board Assembly Revision History

| Assembly Level | PCB Rev. | Si5364 Rev. | Assembly Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| C-01 | Rev. D | Rev. C | Assemble per BOM rev C-01 |

## Si5364-EVB

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#### Abstract

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